A new *Cryptorhopalum* species from Guatemala (Coleoptera: Dermestidae: Megatomini)

Jiří HÁVA

Department of Forest Protection and Entomology,
Faculty of Forestry and Wood Sciences,
Czech University of Life Sciences,
Kamýcká 1176, CZ-165 21, Prague 6 - Suchdol, Czech Republic
e-mail: jh.dermestidae@volny.cz

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Abstract. A new species *Cryptorhopalum mroczkowskii* sp. nov. from Guatemala is described, illustrated and compared with similar species. The new species differs by the colour of the elytral setation, structure of antennae and male genitalia.

INTRODUCTION

The genus *Cryptorhopalum* Guérin-Méneville, 1838 of the tribe Megatomini includes 156 valid taxa (Háva & Herrmann 2013, Kadej & Háva 2013), most of which being found in the Neotropical and Nearctic ecozones.

The present article follows the article published by Háva & Herrmann (2013) and contains new faunistic records of *Cryptorhopalum* from Guatemala.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

The size of the beetles or of their body parts can be useful in species recognition and thus, the following measurements were made:

total length (TL) - linear distance from anterior margin of pronotum to apex of elytra.

pronotal length (PL) - maximum length measured from anterior margin to posterior margin.

pronotal width (PW) - maximum linear transverse distance.

elytral length (EL) - linear distance from shoulder to apex of elytron.

elytral width (EW) - maximum linear transverse distance.

Abbreviations of collections:

CNCI Canadian National Insect Collection, Ottawa, Canada;

JHAC Jiří Háva, Private Entomological Laboratory & Collection, Únětice u Prahy, Praguewest, Czech Republic.

The type specimens are provided each with a red, printed label showing the text: "HOLOTYPE [or PARATYPE, respectively] *Cryptorhopalum mroczkowskii* sp. nov. Jiří Háva det. 2013".

SYSTEMATICS

Cryptorhopalum mroczkowskii sp. nov.

(Figs 1-5)

Type material. Holotype (♂): Guatemala, San Lorenzo, Zacapa Dpto., 1800 m, 10-17.vii.1986, L. LeSage lgt. / Sweeping bushes, mainly oak, in clearings, (CNCI). Paratypes (4 ♂♂, 10 ♀♀): the same data (12 CNCI, 2 JHAC); (1 ♂): Guatemala, San Lorenzo, Zacapa Dpto., Sierra de las Minas, 1740 m, J. M. Campbell lgt. / beating mixed vegetation in pine-oak forest, (CNCI).

Description. Male. Dorsal surfaces of body black, ventral surfaces of body black and dark brown; oval. Body measurements (in mm): TL 2.8 PL 0.6 PW 1.4 EL 2.2 EW 1.6.

Head black, shining, coarsely punctate, sparsely covered with short black pubescence. Palpi brown. Eyes large, with extremely short, erect and hardly visible microsetae. Ocellus on front present. Antennomeres I, X, XI dark brown, other light brown, with sparsely light brown setation, antennae consisting of 11 antennomeres. Club as long as the rest of the antenna, consisting of three oval segments (Fig. 2).

Pronotum black, coarsely punctuate, sparsely covered with suberect, long black and yellow pubescence, with spots of yellow pubescence (Fig. 1); pronotal lateral margins smooth, untoothed.

Scutellum shiny black, without pubescence and distinct punctures, small and somewhat triangular.

Elytra black with three reddish spots covered by yellow pubescence, other parts sparsely covered by quite long, suberect black pubescence, punctures similar to those of pronotum, humerus with a distinct bump; epipleura not visible from above, black covered by black pubescence.

Legs and tarsi dark brown, tarsi somewhat lighter than tibiae, very sparsely covered with yellow hairs.

Prosternal process very broad, coarsely punctuate. Mesosternum sparsely covered with suberect, long yellow pubescence and coarsely punctuate.

Abdominal ventrites dark brown, coarsely punctuate, sparsely covered with long, recumbent yellow pubescence. Ventrite V apically with a spot of long brown pubescence. The 9^{th} ventrite as in Fig. 5.

Aedeagus (Fig. 4).

Female. Externally similar to the male, but differing in structure of antennal club (Fig. 3).

Variability. Body measurements (in mm): TL 2.7-3.4 PL 0.6-0.8 PW 1.4-1.7 EL 2.2-2.7 EW 1.6-2.0.

Etymology. Dedicated in memoriam to my colleague in Dermestidae Maciej Mroczkowski (Poland).

Differential diagnosis. The new species is similar to the following species, but differs from them as follows:

	C. sexsignatum Reitter, 1881	C. mroczkowskii sp. nov.	C. eximium Arow, 1915	C. quadripunctatum Guérin-Ménevile, 1838
antennae	dark brown, other light	antennomeres I, X,XI dark brown, other light brown	entirely brown	entirely brown or dark brown
number of	three / yellow-whitish	three / yellow	two / orange-yellowish	two / yellow
elytral spots / colour of spots				
pronotal pubescence	lateral parts yellow with small yellow spot near scutellum, otherwise brown	lateral parts yellow with small yellow spot near scutellum, otherwise brown	entirely black	lateral parts yellow with small yellow spot near scutellum, otherwise brown
Distribution	Brazil; French Guyana	Guatemala	Brazil; French Guyana; Peru	Belize; Brazil; French Guyana; Guatemala; Honduras; Panama; Peru; Suriname; Trinidad; Venezuela

Cryptorhopalum mordelloide Sharp, 1902

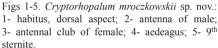
Material examined. Guatemala, Zacapa, above S. Lorenzo, 1800-2000 m, 7.xi.1986, M. Sharkey lgt., 3 ♀♀, J. Háva det., (CNCI); Guatemala, San Lorenzo, Zacapa Dpto., 1800 m, 10-17.vii.1986, L. LeSage lgt. / sweeping in pine-oak forest, 1 ♂, J. Háva det., (JHAC).

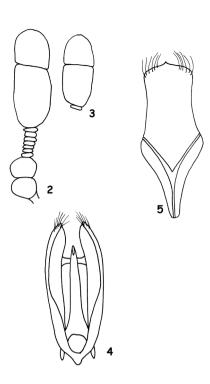
Distribution. Species known from Guatemala (Sharp 1902, Háva 2007) only; new locality data.

LIST OF ALL CRYPTORHOPALUM SPECIES RECORDED FROM GUATEMALA

Cryptorhopalum ducale Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum equisoleae Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum flammulatum Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum germanum Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum guatemalenum Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum instabile Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum misellum Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum mordelloide Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum mordelloide Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum mroczkowskii sp. nov.







Cryptorhopalum ochraceum Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum pedestre Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum quadripunctatum Guérin-Méneville, 1838 Cryptorhopalum subtile Sharp, 1902 Cryptorhopalum vestitum Sharp, 1902

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